### SCHOLASTIC STUDENT-ATHLETE SAFETY ACT INFORMATION FACT SHEET FOR PARENTS/GUARDIANS

Prior to participation on a school-sponsored interscholastic or intramural athletic team or squad, each student-athlete in grades six through 12 must present a completed pre-participation physical evaluation (PPE) form to the designated school staff member. Important information regarding the PPE is provided below, and you should feel free to share with your child's medical home health care provider.

- 1. The PPE may ONLY be completed by a licensed physician, advanced practice nurse (APN) or physician assistant (PA) that has completed the Student-Athlete Cardiac Assessment professional development module. It is recommended that you verify that your medical provider has completed this module before scheduling an appointment for a PPE.
- 2. The required PPE must be conducted within 365 days prior to the first official practice in an athletic season. The PPE form is available in English and Spanish at <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/education/students/safety/health/records/athleticphysicalsform.pdf">http://www.state.nj.us/education/students/safety/health/records/athleticphysicalsform.pdf</a>.
- 3. The parent/guardian must complete the *History Form* (page one), and insert the date of the required physical examination at the top of the page.
- 4. The parent/guardian must complete *The Athlete with Special Needs: Supplemental History Form* (page two), if applicable, for a student with a disability that limits major life activities, and insert the date of the required physical examination on the top of the page.
- 5. The licensed physician, APN or PA who performs the physical examination must complete the remaining two pages of the PPE, and insert the date of the examination on the *Physical Examination Form* (page three) and *Clearance Form* (page four).
- 6. The school district must provide written notification to the parent/guardian, signed by the school physician, indicating approval of the student's participation in a school-sponsored interscholastic or intramural athletic team or squad based upon review of the medical report, or must provide the reason(s) for the disapproval of the student's participation.
- 7. For student-athletes that had a medical examination completed more than 90 days prior to the first official practice in an athletic season, the *Health History Update Questionnaire* (HHQ) form must be completed, and signed by the student's parent/guardian. The HHQ must be reviewed by the school nurse and, if applicable, the school's athletic trainer. The HHQ is available at http://www.state.nj.us/education/students/safety/health/records/HealthHistoryUpdate.ndf.

For more information, please review the Frequently Asked Questions which are available at <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/education/students/safety/health/services/athlete/faq.pdf">http://www.state.nj.us/education/students/safety/health/services/athlete/faq.pdf</a>. You may also direct questions to Kristina Rizo, R.N., Certified School Nurse at 201-440-2782

South Hackensack Memorial School

### ■ PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION HISTORY FORM

(Note: This form is to be filled out by the patient and parent prior to seeing the physician. The physician should keep a copy of this form in the chart.)

1. Has a doctor ever denied or restricted your participation in sports for any reason?  2. Do you have any ongoing medical conditions? If so, please identify below:  28. Asthme	and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently		
Medicines and Allergies: Please list all of the prescription and over-the-counter medicine	and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently w.		
Do you have any ellergies?   Yes   No If yes, please identify specific allergy be Medicinee   Pollens   Po	w.   Stinging insects	y taking	
Madicines	☐ Stinging Insects		
Madicines	☐ Stinging Insects		_
SEMERAL QUESTIONS   Yes   No	AL QUESTIONS		
1. Has a doctor ever denied or restricted your participation in sports for any reason? 2. Do you have any ongoing medical conditions? If so, please identify below: Asthma Anemia Diabetes Infections Other: 2. Asthma Anemia Diabetes Infections Other: 3. Have you ever spent the night in the hospital? 4. Have you ever had surgery?  **MEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU  **FIRE exercise?  6. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check at that apply:    High blood pressure	AL QUESTIONS		
any reason?  2. Do you have any ongoing medical conditions? if so, please identify below: Asthma Anemia Diabetes Infections Other:  3. Have you ever spent the night in the hospital?  4. Have you ever had surgery?  MEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU  5. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER exercise?  6. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?  7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:  High blood pressure A heart murmur High cholestarol A heart infection Kawasaki disease Other:  9. Has a doctor ever ordered a test for your heart? (for example, ECG/EKG, echocardiogram)  10. Do you get lighthreaded or feel more short of breath than expected during exercise?  11. Have you ever had an unexplained seizure?  12. Do you get more the or short of breath more quickly than your friends during exercise?  13. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or hed an unexpected or unexplained seizure?  14. Does anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, arrhythmospic ingint ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugeda syndrome, or catacholaminergic polymorphic ventricular fachycardia?  15. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrilistor?  16. Has anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrilistor?  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that deaced unit on its caused unit on ites caused unit on ites a practicular a cannot on each of the feature.  18. Has anyone in your family had unexplained feinting, unexplained each unit on each year it as a series or a series?  18. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that cannot have considered unit on ligate a practicular a cannor?		Yes	No
below: Asthma Anemia Diabetes Infections Ofther:  3. Have you ever spent the right in the hospital?  4. Have you ever had surgery?  MEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU  5. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER exercise?  6. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?  7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:    High blood pressure	you cough, wheeze, or have difficulty breathing during or or exercise?		
Other:  3. Have you ever spent the night in the hospital?  4. Have you ever had surgery?  **Reart HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU**  5. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER exercise?  6. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?  7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:    High blood pressure	re you ever used an inhaler or taken asthma medicine?		
4. Have you ever had surgery?  4. Have you ever had surgery?  5. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER exercise?  6. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER exercise?  7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:    High blood pressure	here anyone in your family who has asthme?	-	
MEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU  5. Have you ever pessed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER exercise?  6. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?  7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:    High cholesterol	re you born without or are you missing a kidney, an eye, a testicle des), your spiech, or any other organ?		
5. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER exercise?  8. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?  7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply: High blood pressure A heart murmur High cholesterol A heart infection Kawasaki disease Other:  9. Has a doctor ever ordered a test for your heart? (for example, ECG/EKG, echocardiogram)  10. Do you get lightheaded or feel more short of breath than expected during exercise?  11. Have you ever had an unexplained seizure?  12. Do you get more thred or short of breath more quickly than your friends during exercise?  HEART NEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR FAMILY Yes No  45.  15. Does anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, anthythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, short Of syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catacholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  16. Has anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you in rise a prescite or a neare?  18. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you in rise a prescite or a neare?  19. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you in rise a prescite or a neare?	you have groin pain or a painful bulge or hemia in the groin area?		
AFTER exercise?  8. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?  7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:    High blood pressure	re you had infectious mononucleosis (mono) within the last month?		
8. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?  7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:    High blood pressure	you have any rashes, pressure eores, or other skin problems?		
7. Does your heart ever rece or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?  8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:    High blood pressure	e you had a herpee or MRSA akin infection?		
8. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:    High blood pressure	re you ever had a head injury or concussion? re you ever had a hit or blow to the head that caused confusion.		
check all that apply:    High blood pressure	longed headache, or memory problems?		
High blood pressure	you have a history of seizure disorder?		
High cholesterol A heart infection  Kawasaki disease Other:  Has a doctor ever ordered a test for your heart? (for example, ECG/EKG, echocardiogram)  Do you get lightheaded or feel more short of breath than expected during exercise?  HEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR FAMILY  HEART HEALTH QUESTIONS	you have headaches with exercise?		
9. Has a doctor ever ordered a test for your heart? (For example, ECG/EKG, echocardiogram) 10. Do you get lightheaded or feel more short of breath than expected during exercise? 11. Have you ever had an unexplained selzure? 12. Do you get more tired or short of breath more quickly than your friends during exercise? 142. But you get more tired or short of breath more quickly than your friends during exercise? 15. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexplained sudden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)? 16. Does anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, short OT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catachelaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia? 16. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibriliator? 17. Does anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained selezures, or near drowning? 18. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained selezures, or near drowning? 19. Have you ever had an kijury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you were had an kijury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you were had an kijury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you were had an kijury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon	re you ever had numbness, tingling, or weakness in your arms or s after being hit or falling?		
10. Do you get lightheaded or feel more short of breath than expected during exercise?  11. Have you ever had an unexplained seizure?  12. Do you get more tired or short of breath more quickly than your friends during exercise?  13. Has any farnity member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexpected or unexplained seiden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained seiden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)?  14. Does anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained feinting, unexplained seizures, or near drowning?  17. Have you ever had an knits?  18. No. 18. No. 19. No. 19	re you ever been unable to move your arms or legs after being hit alling?		
during exercise?  11. Have you ever had an unexplained seizure?  12. Do you get more tired or short of breath more quickly than your friends during exercise?  13. Has any family member or relative died of hearty problems or had an unexpected or unexplained sudden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)?  14. Does anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, short OT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or near drowning?  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way to rise a precision or a neare?	e you ever become ill while exercising in the heat?		
11. Have you ever had an unexplained setzure?  12. Do you get more tired or short of breath more quickly than your friends during exercise?  HEART NEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR FAMILY  13. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexpected or unexplained sudden death before age 50 (Including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)?  14. Does anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugads syndrome, or catacholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Does enyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained feinting, unexplained seizures, or near drowning?  52.  53.  There you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you in mise a practice of a neare?	you get frequent muscle cramps when exercising?		
during exercise?  #EART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR FAMILY  13. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexpected or unexplained sudden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)?  14. Dose anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, annythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catacholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Dose anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted deffaciliator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained feinting, unexplained seizurea, or near drowning?  52.  53. These you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way to rise a practice of a neare?	you or someone in your family have sickle cell trait or disease?		
HEART NEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR FAMILY  13. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexpected or unexplained sudden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)?  14. Dose anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, annythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catacholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Dose anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibriliator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained selectores, or near drowning?  17. Have you ever had an kijury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way to mise a practice of a neare?	e you had any problems with your eyes or vision?		
13. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexpected or unexplained sudden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)?  14. Dose anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, annythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catacholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Dose anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibriliator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or near drowning?  52.  53. The Have you ever had an kijury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way to mise a practice of a neare?	e you had any eye injuries?		
unexpected or unexplained sudden death before age 50 (Including drowning, unexplained car accident, or audden Infant death syndrome)?  14. Dose anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, armythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catacholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Dose anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrilizator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained feinting, unexplained selburce, or near drowning?  17. Have you ever had an kijury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way to mise a practice or a neare?	you wear glasses or contact lenses?		
14. Dose anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Dose anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained feinting, unexplained seizures, or near drowning?  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way in rise a practice or a name?	you wear protective eyewear, such as goggles or a face shield? you worry about your weight?		
syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catacholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?  15. Dose anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defarillator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or hear drowning?  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tandon that caused way to rise a practice or a name?	you trying to or has anyone recommended that you gain or weight?		
50. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?  15. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or hear drowning?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or hear drowning?  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way to raise a practice or a semice.	you on a special diet or do you avoid certain types of foods?		
15. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?  16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or hear drowning?  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way for raise a practice or a series?  18. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way for raise a practice or a series?	re you ever had an eating disorder?		
16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained selzures, or near drowning?  52.  50HE AND JOINT QUESTIONS  Yes No 53.  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you for rise a practice or a neare?  54.	you have any concerns that you would like to discuss with a doctor?		
seizures, or hear drowning? 52.  BOHE AND JOINT QUESTIONS 798 No 53.  17. Have you ever head an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused way to mise a practice or a name? 54.	ES ONLY		
BORE AND JOINT QUESTIONS  17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you for miss a systilice or a name?  54.	re you ever had a menstrual period?		
17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you to mise a reaction or a name?	v old were you when you had your first menstrual period?		-
	v many periods have you had in the last 12 months?		
18. Have you ever had any broken or fractured bones or dislocated joints?	'yes" answers here		
19. Have you ever had an injury that required x-rays, MRI, CT scan, injections, therapy, a brace, a cast, or crutches?			
20. Have you ever had a stress fracture?			
21. Have you ever been told that you have or have you had an x-ray for neck instability or attantosoid instability? (Down syndrome or dwarfism)			
22. Do you regularly use a brace, orthotics, or other assistive device?			
23. Do you have a bone, muscle, or joint injury that bothers you?			
24. Do any of your joints become painful, swollen, feel warm, or look red?			
25. Do you have any history of juvenile artirities or connective tissue disease?			
I heraby state that, to the best of my knowledge, my answers to the above questions:			

© 2010 American Academy of Family Physicians, American Academy of Pediatrics, American College of Sports Medicine, American Medical Society for Sports Medicine, American Orthopaedic Society for Sports Medicine, and American Ostaopathic Academy of Sports Medicine. Permission is granted to reprint for noncommercial, educational purposes with acknowledgment.

### PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION THE ATHLETE WITH SPECIAL NEEDS: SUPPLEMENTAL HISTORY FORM

Date of Ex	am				
lame _				Date of birth	
ех	Age	Grade	School	Sport(s)	
1. Type o	f disability				
2. Date o	f disability				
3. Classit	fication (if available)				
4. Cause	of disability (birth, disc	sase, accident/trauma, other)			
5. List th	a sporte you are intere	eted in playing			Yee No
		, asalstive device, or prostheti			
		or assistive device for aports			
		ssure scree, or any other skin	problems?		
		Do you use a hearing aid?			
	i have a visual impalm	nentr as for bowel or bladder functi			
		omfort when urinating?	JII.		
	ou had autonomic dys				
			sermia) or cold-related (hypothermia) illness?		
	i have muscle spastich		or vora-twawa filikonionineh (higgs).		
		s that cannot be controlled by	medication?		
jease Indi	cate if you have ever	had any of the following.			Yes No
Atlantoada	l instability				
	lation for atlantoaxial i				
	joints (more than one)				
Easy bleed Enlarged s					
Hepatitis	Modif				
	or ostaoporoals				
	ontrolling bowel				
	ontrolling bledder				
	or tingling in arms or I	hands			
Numbness	or tingling in lags or fe	set			
Weakness	la arms or hands				
Weakness	In legs or feet				
	nge in coordination				
	inge in ability to walk				
Spina bifidi					
Latex aller	39				
xplain <b>"y</b> e	s" answers here				
hereby sta	te that, to the best of	f my knowledge, my answer	s to the above questions are complete and	соггасъ	
ignature of a	No lastro.		Planeture of manual frame.		Deta
		Mr Bhradalana A de	Signature of parent/guardian	Madicina American Medical Society for Sports Medicin	Data

©2010 American Academy of Family Physicians, American Academy of Pediatrics, American College of Sports Medicine, American Medicine, American Ostropædic Society for Sports Medicine, and American Ostropædic Society for Sports Medicine, and American Ostropædic Academy of Sports Medicine, Permission is granted to reprint for noncommercial, educational purposes with acknowledgment.

New Jersey Department of Education 2014; Pursuant to P.L.2013, c.71

### PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION PHYSICAL EXAMINATION FORM

NACICIAN DEMINISEDS	Name Date of birth		
HYSIGIAN REMINDERS  Consider additional questions on more sensitive issues  * Do you feel stressed out or under a lot of pressure?  * Do you ever feel sad, hopelees, depressed, or anydous?  * Do you feel safe at your home or realdence?  * Have you ever tried olgarettes, chewing tobacco, enuif, or dip?  * During the past 30 days, did you use chewing tobacco, snuif, or dip?  * Do you drink slookel or use any other drugs?  * Have you ever taken enabelic steroids or used any other performance supplement?  * Have you ever taken any supplements to help you gain or lose weight or improve your performance?  * Do you wear a seet belt, use a hainest, and use condeme?			
Consider reviewing questions on cardiovascular symptoms (questions 5-14),			
feight Weight 🗅 Male	☐ Female		
	R 20/	L 20/	Corrected 🖂 Y 🖂 N
MEDICAL	NORMAL	100	ASNORMAL FINDINGS
Opearance  Martien stigmeta (kyphosopilosis, high-arched palate, pactus excevatum, arachnodactyly, arm span > helight, hyperiaxity, myopila, MVP, aortic insufficiencyl  yee/eara/nosa/throat  Pupila equal			
Hearing			
ymph nodes			
leart* Murmurs (suscultation standing, supine, +/- Vaisalva) Location of point of meximal impulse (PMI)			
uises			
Simultaneous femoral and radial pulses			
ungs bdomen			
ienkourinary (males only)*			
kin HSV, lesions suppositive of MRSA, tinea corports			
leurologic 4			
AUSCULOSKELETAL			
leck			
Ack			
houlder/arm			
ibow/forearm Vrist/hand/modera	-		
revnandergere Ip/thigh			
U88			
colonide			
oot/toes			
unctional Duck-walk, single leg hop			
nelder ECB, echocardiogram, and referral to cardiology for abnormal cardiac history or exam.  nelder GU exam if in private setting, Having third party present is recommended,  nelder cognitive evaluation or baseline neuropsychiatric teeting if a history of significant concussion.  Cleared for all sports without restriction  Cleared for all sports without restriction with recommendations for further evaluation or treatm	ent for		
Not cleared			
Pending further evaluation			
Ct For any sports			
For certain sports			
Respon			
commendations			
	aluation, The athlets	ado avaliable to the	pparent clinical contraindications to practice school at the request of the parents. If conditi
ave examined the above-named student and completed the preparticipation physical ev riicipate in the sport(s) as outlined above. A copy of the physical exam is on record in my as after the staiste has been cleared for participation, a physician may rescind the cleara the athlete (and parents/quardians).	roffice and can be ma now until the problem	is resolved and the	potential consequences are completely explai
rticipate in the sport(s) as outlined above. A copy of the physical exam is on record in my se after the staiste has been cleared for participation, a physician may rescind the cleara the athlete (and parents/guardians).	nce until the problem		potential consequences are completely explai
rticipate in the sport(s) as outlined above. A copy of the physical exam is on record in my as after the sthiste has been cleared for participation, a physician may reacind the cleara the athlete (and parents/guardians).	nce until the problem		potential consequences are completely explai

© 2010 American Academy of Family Physicians, American Academy of Pediatrics, American College of Sports Medicine, American Medical Society for Sports Medicine, American Orthopsedic Society for Sports Medicine, and American Osteopathic Academy of Sports Medicine. Permission is granted to reprint for noncommercial, educational purposes with acknowledgment.

### ■ PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION CLEARANCE FORM

Name	Sex D M D F Age	Date of birth
☐ Cleared for all sports without restriction		
☐ Cleared for all sports without restriction with recommendations for further	r evaluation or treatment for	
□ Not cleared		
☐ Pending further evaluation		
☐ For any sports		
☐ For certain sports		
Reason		
Recommendations		
FISCHALLIAN MICHAEL		
EMERGENCY INFORMATION		
Allergies		
Other Information		
I have examined the above-named student and completed the p clinical contraindications to practice and participate in the spor and can be made available to the school at the request of the pa the physician may rescind the clearance until the problem is res (and parents/guardians).	t(s) as outlined above. A copy of the arents. If conditions arise after the ar	physical exam is on record in my office thiete has been cleared for participation.
Name of physician, advanced practice nurse (APN), physician assistant	(PA)	Date
Address		Phone
Signature of physician, APN, PA		
Completed Cardiac Assessment Professional Development Module		
Date Signature		
Po 2010 American Academy of Carolly Shunisiana American Academy of Statistics American		

© 2010 American Academy of Family Physicians, American Academy of Pediatrics, American College of Sports Medicine, American Medical Society for Sports Medicine, American Orthopsedic Society for Sports Medicine, and American Osteopathic Academy of Sports Medicine. Permission is granted to reprint for noncommercial, educational purposes with acknowledgment.

New Jersey Department of Education 2014; Pursuant to P.L.2013, c.71

### State of New Jersey Department of Education

### **HEALTH HISTORY UPDATE QUESTIONNAIRE**

	th history update questionnaire completed and signed by the student's parent o	_	
	lent		
	e of Last Physical ExaminationSportset the last pre-participation physical examination, has your son/daughter:		
	Been medically advised not to participate in a sport?	Vec	_ No
	If yes, describe in detail		
2.	Sustained a concussion, been unconscious or lost memory from a blow to the head If yes, explain in detail		No
3.	Broken a bone or sprained/strained/dislocated any muscle or joints?  If yes, describe in detail		
4.	Fainted or "blacked out?"  If yes, was this during or immediately after exercise?	Yes	
5.	Experienced chest pains, shortness of breath or "racing heart?"  If yes, explain	Yes	No
6.	Has there been a recent history of fatigue and unusual tiredness?	Yes	No
7.	Been hospitalized or had to go to the emergency room?  If yes, explain in detail		No
8.	Since the last physical examination, has there been a sudden death in the family or under age 50 had a heart attack or "heart trouble?"	has any i	
9.	Started or stopped taking any over-the-counter or prescribed medications?  If yes, name of medication(s)	Yes	No

### South Hackensack Memorial School

These forms must be completed and signed by the student and the parent whether the student is participating in soccer, basketball, cheerleading and/or spring intramurals. **Incomplete forms will be returned.** 

### Part A Student Sports Emergency Form

Name:	Grade: Age:		
Address:	Home phone:		
Mother's work phone:	Father's work phone:		
Mother's cell phone:	Father's cell phone:		
	nber of someone that can be reached at home if you are not lable to come in your place. A person who works will not or leave work.		
1. Name:	Telephone #:		
2. Name:	Telephone#:		
Physician's Name:			
Physician's Address:			
Physician's Phone:			

### Part B: Sports Permission Slip

The sports permission slip must be signed by parent and student.

Student Section:			
I request permission to practice and participate in the following sports:  I will be responsible for and return all equipment loaned me by the school.			
Parent Section:			
My son/daughter	has my permission to play or		
(print name) practice in the school activity mentioned above. I also g all practices and games during the season, both at schedule.	give my son/daughter permission to attend Memorial and at other schools on our		
While I expect school authorities to exercise reasonable that physical hazards may be encountered in the remunerations, reimbursements or any other expense is and in all arrangements incidental thereto.	se activities, and I waive all claims,		
We have purchased available student insurance:Y	YesNo		
We have family hospitalization/insurance:Yes _	No		
Parent/Guardian's Signature	Date:		

# **Nebsite Resources**

- http://tinyuri.com/m2gjmvq Sudden Death in Athletes
- Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy Association www.4hcm.org
- American Heart Association www.heart.org

# Collaborating Agencies:

3836 Quakerbridge Road, Suite 108 American Academy of Pediatrics New Jersey Chapter Hamilton, NJ 08619 (p) 609-842-0014 (f) 609-842-0015

American Heart Association Union Street, Suite 301 RobbinsvIIIe, NJ, 08691 (p) 609-208-0020 New Jersey Department of Education PC Box 500

www.heart.org

w.state.nj.us/education/ frenton, NJ 08625-0500 (p) 609-292-5935

New Jersey Department of Health renton, NJ 08625-0360 (p) 609-292-7837 P.O. Box 360

www.state.ni.us/health

Mitteen by: Initial druft by Sextune Reman Hobbas ND & Stephen G. Rice, MD PNO Lead Author: American Academy of Pediatrics, How Aersey Ch

NJ Academy of Family Practice, Pediatric Cardiologists. **Additional Reviewers:** NJ Department of Education, American Heart Association/New Jersey Chapter, U Department of Health and Senior Services. New Jersey State School Nurses

Christene DeWitt-Parine, MSN, CSN, RN; Lakota Kruse, MD, MPH; Susan Martz, EdM; Szephen G. Rice, MD; Jeffrey Rosenberg, MD, Louis Telchholz, MD; Perry Weinstock, MD Revised 2014: Nancy Curry, EdM;







American Academy of Pediatrics DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN

Learn and Live American Heart



Ludden death in young athletes between the ages of 10 done to prevent this kind of and 19 is very rare. What, If anything, can be tragedy?

## What is sudden cardiac death in the young athlete?

ultimately dies unless normal heart rhythm time) during or immediately after exercise heart function, usually (about 60% of the pumping adequately, the athlete quickly result of an unexpected failure of proper is restored using an automated external without trauma. Since the heart stops collapses, loses consciousness, and Sudden cardiac death is the defibrillator (AED).

# How common is sudden death in young

Sudden cardiac death in young athletes The chance of sudden death occurring to any individual high school athlete is reported in the United States per year. very rare. About 100 such deaths are about one in 200,000 per year.

other sports; and In African-Americans than common: in males than In females; in football and basketball than In in other races and ethnic groups. Sudden cardiac death is more

# What are the most common causes?

by one of several cardiovascular abnormalities roo-LAY-shun). The problem is usually caused ventricular fibrillation (ven-TRICK-you-lar fib-Research suggests that the main cause is a and electrical diseases of the heart that go loss of proper heart rhythm, causing the blood to the brain and body. This is called unnoticed in healthy-appearing athletes. heart to quiver instead of pumpling

also called HCM. HCM is a disease of the heart, muscle, which can cause serious heart rhythm The most common cause of sudden death in problems and blockages to blood flow. This (ht-per-TRO-fic CAR- dee-oh-my-OP-a-thee) an athlete is hypertrophic cardiomyopathy genetic disease runs in families and usually with abnormal thickening of the heart develops gradually over many years.

The second most likely cause is congenital abnormalities of the coronary (con-JEN-it-al) (i.e., present from birth)

(commonly called "coronary artery blood vessels are connected to disease," which may lead to a heart arteries. This means that these heart in an abnormal way. This differs from blockages that may the main blood vessel of the occur when people get older attack).

# Other diseases of the heart that can lead to sudden death in young people include: ~..

- Inflammation of the heart muscle (usually Myocarditis (my-oh-car-DiE-tis), an acute due to a virus).
- Dilated cardiomyopathy, an enlargement of the heart for unknown reasons.
- abnormal fast heart rhythms that can also Long QT syndrome and other electrical abnormalities of the heart which cause run in families.
- generally seen in unusually tall athletes, Marfan syndrome, an inherited disorder especially if being tall is not common in that affects heart valves, walls of major arteries, eyes and the skeleton. It is other family members.

# Are there warning signs to watch for?

In more than a third of these sudden cardiac deaths, there were warning signs that were not reported or taken seriously. Warning signs are:

- Fainting, a seizure or convulsions during physical activity;
- excitement, emotional distress or being Fainting or a seizure from emotional startled;
- Dizziness or lightheadedness, especially during exertion;
- Chest pains, at rest or during exertion;
- extra beats) during athletics or during cool down periods after athletic participation; beating unusually (skipping, imegular or Palpitations - awareness of the heart
- Fatigue or tiring more quickly than peers; or
- to shortness of breath (labored breathing). Being unable to keep up with friends due

# What are the current recommendations for screening young athletes?

SUDDEN CAEDIAC DEATH IN YOUNG ATHLETES

once per year. The New Jersey Department of ("medical home") or school physician at least Education requires use of the specific Preparticipation Physical Examination Form (PPE). New Jersey requires all school athletes to be examined by their primary care physician

student-athletes answering questions about shortness of breath); and questions about symptoms during exercise (such as chest This process begins with the parents and pain, dizziness, fainting, palpitations or family health history.

because it is so essential to identify those at drowning or car accidents. This information during physical activity or during a selzure. know if any family member died suddenly must be provided annually for each exam The primary healthcare provider needs to They also need to know if anyone in the unexplained sudden death such as family under the age of 50 had an risk for sudden cardlac death

measurement of blood pressure and a careful discovered on exam, no further evaluation or listening examination of the heart, especial there are no warning signs reported on the for murmurs and rhythm abnormalities. If The required physical exam includes health history and no abnormalities testing is recommended.

# Are there options privately available to screen for cardiac conditions?

Including a 12-lead electrocardiogram (ECG) nontrivasive and painless options parents may consider in addition to the required Technology-based screening programs and echocardiogram (ECHO) are

the American Academy of Pedlatrics and the addition to the expense, other limitations of possibility of "false positives" which leads to PPE reveals an indication for these tests. In expensive and are not currently advised by American College of Cardiology unless the parent or guardian as well as unnecessary PPE However, these procedures may be unnecessary stress for the student and restriction from athletic participation. technology-based tests include the

options under the Surgeon General's Family and Human Services offers risk assessment The United States Department of Health History Initiative available at

http://www.hhs.gov/familyhistory/index.html

## When should a student athlete see a neart specialist?

electrocardiognam (ECG), which is a graph of echocardiogram, which is an uftrasound test specialist may also order a treadmill exercise to allow for direct visualization of the heart if the primary healthcare provider or school recording of the heart rhythm. None of the physician has concerns, a referral to a child recommended. This specialist will perform heart specialist, a pediatric cardiologist, is a more thorough evaluation, including an structure, will likely also be done. The the electrical activity of the heart. An test and a monitor to enable a longer testing is invasive or uncomfortable.

## Can sudden cardiac death be prevented iust through proper screening?

A proper evaluation should find most, but not all, conditions that would cause sudden death are difficult to uncover and may only develop in the athlete. This is because some diseases later in life. Others can develop following a

infection of the heart musde from a virus. normal screening evaluation, such as an

proper screening and evaluation, most cases review of the family health history need to athlete's primary healthcare provider. With This is why screening evaluations and a be performed on a yearly basis by the can be Identified and prevented.

## Why have an AED on site during sporting events?

fibrillation caused by a blow to the chest over fibrillation is immediate use of an automated restore the heart back into a normal rhythm. The only effective treatment for ventricular An AED is also life-saving for ventricular external defibrillator (AED). An AED can the heart (commotio cordis).

sponsored athletic event or team practice in including any of grades K through 12, the New Jersey public and nonpublic schools NJSA. 18A:40-41a through c, known as "Janet's Law," requires that at any schoolfollowing must be available:

- property within a reasonable proximity to An AED in an unlocked location on school the athletic field or gymnastum; and
- other designated staff member if there is no certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation A team coach, licensed athletic trainer, or coach or licensed athletic trainer present. (CPR) and the use of the AED; or
- provider or other certified first responder. A State-certified emergency services

no more than a 1 to 11/2 minute walk from any location and that a call is made to activate 911 central location that is accessible and ideally recommends the AED should be placed in emergency system while the AED is being retrieved. The American Academy of Pediatrics

### State of New Jersey DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

### Sudden Cardiac Death Pamphlet Sign-Off Sheet

Name of School District:
Name of Local School:
I/We acknowledge that we received and reviewed the Sudden Cardiac Death in Young Athletes pamphlet
Student Signature:
Parent or Guardian Signature:
Date:

#### Sports-Related Concussion and Head Injury Fact Sheet and Parent/Guardian Acknowledgement Form

A concussion is a brain injury that can be caused by a blow to the head or body that disrupts normal functioning of the brain. Concussions are a type of Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), which can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally functions. Concussions can cause significant and sustained neuropsychological impairment affecting problem solving, planning, memory, attention, concentration, and behavior.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention estimates that 300,000 concussions are sustained during sports related activities nationwide, and more than 62,000 concussions are sustained each year in high school contact sports. Second-impact syndrome occurs when a person sustains a second concussion while still experiencing symptoms of a previous concussion. It can lead to severe impairment and even death of the victim.

Legislation (P.L. 2010, Chapter 94) signed on December 7, 2010, mandated measures to be taken in order to ensure the safety of K-12 student-athletes involved in interscholastic sports in New Jersey. It is imperative that athletes, coaches, and parent/guardians are educated about the nature and treatment of sports related concussions and other head injuries. The legislation states that:

- All Coaches, Athletic Trainers, School Nurses, and School/Team Physicians shall complete an Interscholastic Head Injury Safety Training Program by the 2011-2012 school year.
- All school districts, charter, and non-public schools that participate in interscholastic sports will distribute
  annually this educational fact to all student athletes and obtain a signed acknowledgement from each
  parent/guardian and student-athlete.
- Each school district, charter, and non-public school shall develop a written policy describing the
  prevention and treatment of sports-related concussion and other head injuries sustained by interscholastic
  student-athletes.
- Any student-athlete who participates in an interscholastic sports program and is suspected of sustaining a
  concussion will be immediately removed from competition or practice. The student-athlete will not be
  allowed to return to competition or practice until he/she has written clearance from a physician trained in
  concussion treatment and has completed his/her district's graduated return-to-play protocol.

#### **Ouick Facts**

- Most concussions do not involve loss of consciousness
- You can sustain a concussion even if you do not hit your head
- A blow elsewhere on the body can transmit an "impulsive" force to the brain and cause a concussion

#### Signs of Concussions (Observed by Coach, Athletic Trainer, Parent/Guardian)

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Forgets plays or demonstrates short term memory difficulties (e.g. unsure of game, opponent)
- Exhibits difficulties with balance, coordination, concentration, and attention
- Answers questions slowly or inaccurately
- Demonstrates behavior or personality changes
- Is unable to recall events prior to or after the hit or fall

#### Symptoms of Concussion (Reported by Student-Athlete)

- Headache
- Nausea/vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double vision or changes in vision

- Sensitivity to light/sound
- Feeling of sluggishness or fogginess
- Difficulty with concentration, short term memory, and/or confusion

#### What Should a Student-Athlete do if they think they have a concussion?

- Don't hide it. Tell your Athletic Trainer, Coach, School Nurse, or Parent/Guardian.
- Report it. Don't return to competition or practice with symptoms of a concussion or head injury. The sooner you report it, the sooner you may return-to-play.
- Take time to recover. If you have a concussion your brain needs time to heal. While your brain is healing you are much more likely to sustain a second concussion. Repeat concussions can cause permanent brain injury.

#### What can happen if a student-athlete continues to play with a concussion or returns to play to soon?

- Continuing to play with the signs and symptoms of a concussion leaves the student-athlete vulnerable to second impact syndrome.
- Second impact syndrome is when a student-athlete sustains a second concussion while still having symptoms from a previous concussion or head injury.
- Second impact syndrome can lead to severe impairment and even death in extreme cases.

### Should there be any temporary academic accommodations made for Student-Athletes who have suffered a concussion?

- To recover cognitive rest is just as important as physical rest. Reading, texting, testing-even watching movies can slow down a student-athletes recovery.
- Stay home from school with minimal mental and social stimulation until all symptoms have resolved.
- Students may need to take rest breaks, spend fewer hours at school, be given extra time to complete assignments, as well as being offered other instructional strategies and classroom accommodations.

### Student-Athletes who have sustained a concussion should complete a graduated return-to-play before they may resume competition or practice, according to the following protocol:

- Step 1: Completion of a full day of normal cognitive activities (school day, studying for tests, watching practice, interacting with peers) without reemergence of any signs or symptoms. If no return of symptoms, next day advance.
- Step 2: Light Aerobic exercise, which includes walking, swimming, and stationary cycling, keeping the intensity below 70% maximum heart rate. No resistance training. The objective of this step is increased heart rate.
- Step 3: Sport-specific exercise including skating, and/or running: no head impact activities. The objective of this step is to add movement.
- Step 4: Non contact training drills (e.g. passing drills). Student-athlete may initiate resistance training.
- Step 5: Following medical clearance (consultation between school health care personnel and studentathlete's physician), participation in normal training activities. The objective of this step is to restore confidence and assess functional skills by coaching and medical staff.
- Step 6: Return to play involving normal exertion or game activity.

For further information on Sports-Related C www.cdc.gov/concussion/sports/in		Injuries, please visit: www.nfhs.com	
www.ncaa.org/health-safety	www.bianj.org	www.atsnj.org	
Signature of Student-Athlete	Print Student-A	thlete's Name	Date
Signature of Parent/Guardian	Print Parent/Gua	ardian's Name	Date

### South Hackensack School District

Dyer Ave · South Hackensack, NJ 07606 · (201) 440-2782

Jason Chirichella, Superintendent/Principal
Carla Moreno, Director of Curriculum & Instruction
Dina Messery, Business Administrator
Elizabete Schaefer, Board Secretary



"A Tradition of Caring"

### **Use and Misuse of Opioid Drugs Fact Sheet**

### Student-Athlete and Parent/Guardian Sign-Off

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40-41.10, public school districts, approved private schools for students with disabilities, and nonpublic schools participating in an interscholastic sports program must distribute this *Opioid Use and Misuse Educational Fact Sheet* to all student-athletes and cheerleaders. In addition, schools and districts must obtain a signed acknowledgement of receipt of the fact sheet from each student-athlete and cheerleader, and for students under age 18, the parent or guardian must also sign.

This sign-off sheet is due to the appropriate school personnel as determined by your district prior to the first official practice session of the athletic season and annually thereafter prior to the student-athlete's or cheerleader's first official practice of the school year.

Name of School: Memorial School

Student Signature:

Name of School District (if applicable): South Hackensack

I/We acknowledge that we received and reviewed the Educational Fact Sheet on the Use and Misuse of Opioid Drugs.

Parent/Gua	rdian Signature (also nee	ded if student is under age 18):		
Date:				